# EXHIBIT 1

## **Mindy Morton**

From: ECF-CAND@cand.uscourts.gov

Sent: Tuesday, July 15, 2008 6:55 PM

To: efiling@cand.uscourts.gov

Subject: Activity in Case 5:07-cv-04330-RMW Verigy US, Inc. v. Mayder, et al Motion for Miscellaneous Relief

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The following transaction was received from by Stebbins, Michael entered on 7/15/2008 6:54 PM and filed on 7/15/2008

Case Name:

Verigy US, Inc. v. Mayder, et al

Case Number:

5:07-cv-4330

Filer:

Verigy US, Inc.

**Document Number: 264** 

### **Docket Text:**

MOTION Plaintiff's Administrative Motion to Clarify Defendants' Motion for "Modification" or, in the Alternative, Motion to Enlarge Time to Respond to Defendants' Motion for "Modification" filed by Verigy US, Inc.. (Attachments: # (1) Declaration of Michael W. Stebbins ISO, # (2) Exhibit A-C to Stebbins Declaration, # (3) Proposed Order)(Stebbins, Michael) (Filed on 7/15/2008)

## 5:07-cv-4330 Notice has been electronically mailed to:

Daniel J. Bergeson dbergeson@be-law.com, swalker@be-law.com

John W. Fowler jfowler@be-law.com, swalker@be-law.com

Donald P. Gagliardi dgagliardi@be-law.com, emtofelogo@be-law.com, gsimmons@be-law.com

Tim C. Hale thale@computerlaw.com

John A.D. Kelley jkelley@computerlaw.com

Melinda Mae Morton mmorton@be-law.com, gsimmons@be-law.com

Jack Russo jrusso@computerlaw.com

Michael William Stebbins mstebbins@be-law.com, vross@be-law.com

5:07-cv-4330 Notice has been delivered by other means to:

The following document(s) are associated with this transaction:

**Document description:** Main Document

Original filename: H:\Client\Verigy\Administrative motion to clarify and extend time 7.pdf

**Electronic document Stamp:** 

[STAMP CANDStamp ID=977336130 [Date=7/15/2008] [FileNumber=4534025-0]

[b17247341c8abd62ca5724c72dfcf2a0d04285d624fb6598573f169d90c019acb5779

c368dcaf98556b73b1ed3f862d4fb9b984dfd5048a26840fb785ca897a5]]

Document description: Declaration of Michael W. Stebbins ISO

Original filename: H:\Client\Verigy\Verigy - MWS Decl. ISO Admin Motion for Clar. & Lengthen Time 7-15-

08\_FINAL\_.pdf

**Electronic document Stamp:** 

[STAMP CANDStamp ID=977336130 [Date=7/15/2008] [FileNumber=4534025-1]

[479fa4b9d0003395f5279eeb73a3e2f1da38db38c97e1b7626a71563c6cd31af7255e

e234b0d1c3199e8c671aceaccb4ce4ad767d3a1e69313a287d3afd643c5]]

Document description: Exhibit A-C to Stebbins Declaration

Original filename: H:\Client\Verigy\Exh A-C 7-15-08.pdf

**Electronic document Stamp:** 

[STAMP CANDStamp ID=977336130 [Date=7/15/2008] [FileNumber=4534025-2]

[0464f322652986b5af37eb3af9f46e53955445ba430e120d80c86c35358739fd3ceab]

0651144bb65203efa4b528c160ec95505c697b0853ea164fc16ddc4e105]]

**Document description:**Proposed Order

Original filename:H:\Client\Verigy\Verigy - [Proposed] Order 7-15-08.pdf

**Electronic document Stamp:** 

[STAMP CANDStamp ID=977336130 [Date=7/15/2008] [FileNumber=4534025-3]

[96ff18c5851438a348b642b5b8cea118e10eef0531a0f959d8e29cb6a33e5c3315567

85d1d65db9bd0dcf8ecac85d49acf866442ef57a72ff6bbeb9042525cb4]]

# EXHIBIT 2

# **Mindy Morton**

From: Jack Russo [JRusso@computerlaw.com]

**Sent:** Tuesday, July 15, 2008 7:38 PM

To: Mindy Morton

Cc: Donald P Gagliardi; Gail C. Simmons; John Fowler; Michael Stebbins; JOHN KELLEY; Kat

Kershner; Lucy Goodnough; Tim Hale

Subject: [Junk released by Allow List] STS: Verigy v. STS et al.

Addressing the last paragraph about a possible stipulation, I think it could be possible to reach a stipulation but it would have to have some terms in it that provide some "consideration" to our clients and in that respect, I have checked with them and they would consider doing a stipulation along these lines (all without prejudice to the ultimate litigation positions of the respective parties on theses subjects):

- 1. Document Production: To solve the various document production issues that have been raised, included in this "coooperation" stipulation would be this: "Verigy agrees to deliver to counsel for Defendants by 5:00 p.m. on Tuesday, July 22nd, in either (a) native file formats or (b) other format(s) acceptable to counsel for Defendants, the complete, non-privileged results of all searches of the computers of Mr. De La Puente and Mr. Andberg pursuant to the search terms that were sent to counsel for Verigy on or about July 1, 2008, as partial fulfillment of Verigy's obligations under the stipulated order dated June 16, 2008."
- 2. Interested Test Sites: To solve the problems associated with certain third parties, a stipulation would be reach providing in substance that Plaintiff does not dispute the ability of Defendants\* to work with Spansion, Intel, Numonyx) and other non-Verigy users solely for the purpose of testing devices and not for the purposes of making actual sales or receiving any revenue from the sale of any products (pending the outcome of the Court's decision on the pending motions; and,
- 3. Consulting Service Rights: To solve the problem of Defendants rights to practice their profession (and the associated B&P Section 16600 issues), it would also be agreed that Defendants can do consulting services with any potential customer at any time so long as it is not for the purposes of making actual sales or receiving any revenue from sales of any products.

Let me know if there is any interest on building a mutual stipulation that provides what you and your client want in exchange for what we and our clients need at this point. (\*Reference to "defendants" in the foregoing is really not meant to include Wes Mayder because as you know, we really do not believe he should be a defendant and he is not engaged in any of these activities in any event.)

I look forward to your prompt response. I really do NOT see any prejudice to your client and indeed, I see some substantial benefits flowing from all this

Seriously.

REDACTED

Best Regards,
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>>> "Mindy Morton" <mmorton@be-law.com> 07/15/08 7:05 AM >>>

Jack,

Rule 65(b)(4) specifically applies to TROs issued without notice to the other side, and not contempt rulings that extend a preliminary injunction or even preliminary injunctions. While it is true that the Court may choose to modify its order, in the N.D. Cal, there is a local rule requiring you to obtain leave of court to request such a modification and setting forth rules for what may be included in your request and what cannot be included. The cases you cite in your email apply to TROs issued without notice, and not to whether Local Rule 7-9 applies here.

I take it from your email that you are not willing to stipulate to additional time as Mike requested yesterday or to withdraw your motion and file it as a motion to for leave to file a motion for reconsideration. If I am incorrect in my assumption, please let me know by noon today.

Regards,

Mindy

Mindy M. Morton, Esq. Bergeson, LLP 303 Almaden Blvd. Suite 500 San Jose, CA 95110-2712 Main: 408 291-6200

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From: Jack Russo [mailto:JRusso@computerlaw.com]

Sent: Mon 7/14/2008 7:18 PM

To: Mindy Morton

Cc: Donald P Gagliardi; Gail C. Simmons; John Fowler; Michael Stebbins; JOHN KELLEY; Lucy Goodnough;

Tim Hale

Subject: STS: Verigy v. STS et al.

Dear Mindy,

We firmly believe Rule 65 (and applicable case law) trumps all of your arguments; you really do need to read (and/or re-read) Rule 65 as it makes clear that the Court has the power - - at ALL times and particularly in the

context of the public interest and the lack of ACTUAL notice to the defendants - - to modify and even dissolve any and all of its prior orders. See, e.g., Rule 65(b)(4) ("Motion to Dissolve".

On two days notice to the party who obtained the order without notice - - or on shorter notice set by the court - - the adverse party may appear and move to dissolve or modify the order. The court MUST then hear and decide the motion as promptly as justice requires.") There are a number of federal cases that expand on this power (and responsibility) of the Federal Courts and Federal Judges sitting in equity (as is the case here on the existing Orders that have been entered) always have the right and duty to modify and amend their orders.

See, e.g., Lummus Co. v. Commonwealth Oil, 297 Fd. 80, 83 (2d Cir. 1961), cert. denied, 368 U.S. 986 (1962); Pennsylvania Rd. Co. v.

Transport Workers Union, 278 F. 2d 693, 694 (3d Cir. 1960); and, Arvida Corp. v. Sugarman, 259 F. 2d 428, 429 (2d Cir. 1958), among others.

Net net: you and your client should actually WANT to get this matter heard as soon as possible and should be even willing to accelerate the time for the hearing on this matter because if these orders are against public policy - - and if these orders (and the litigation positions taken by your client in getting them) are contradicting affirmative public statements that your client has made regarding Verigy's continued promotion of the the "efficient" use of its equipment, then these matters need to be resolved and as soon as possible for the benefit of all. Let me know if your clients wish to accelarate the hearings on these matters as I am sure that with a joint request, Judge Whyte would entertain these motions on earlier dates and dates that are supportive of the public interest as well as those of our respective clients. Please advise this week as I would prefer to get some calendar dates from Judge Whyte this month with respect to the acceleration of these motions. Thank you, in advance, for your prompt response.

Best Regards,
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>>> "Mindy Morton" <mmorton@be-law.com> 7/11/2008 3:32 PM >>>

Defendants' most recent motion to "modify" the preliminary injunction, e-filed yesterday July 10, 2008 (Docket No. 261), is in reality an improper motion for reconsideration of the Court's preliminary injunction order and/or the Court's contempt order, without leave of court, in violation of Rule 7-9 of the Civil Local Rules of the Northern District of California and F.R.C.P. 59(e).

F.R.C.P. 59(e) applies to motions for modification/reconsideration of a preliminary injunction order (as well as a contempt order) and requires that such motions be filed within ten days of entry of the order. The only exception to this requirement is if the motion is based on new circumstances that have arisen after the entry of the order. See Credit Suisse First Boston Corporation v. Grunwald, 400 F.3d 1119,1123-24 (9th Cir. 2005). Your motion is nothing more than an attempt to relitigate the preliminary injunction order and/or the contempt order with facts and cases that could have been presented to the Court (and in most cases were presented to the Court) and the motion is therefore untimely under F.R.C.P. 59(e). Indeed, Mr. Romi Mayder's declaration discusses the problems with the contempt order and briefing at length, and the motion itself discusses circumstances and alleged problems surrounding the contempt motion.

Local Rule 7-9 states that "No party may notice a motion for reconsideration without first obtaining leave of Court to file the motion." You have not sought or obtained leave of Court for this motion, and therefore, it is

procedurally improper. Further, please note that Local Rule 7-9 specifically prohibits repeating any arguments made in opposition to the initial order in a motion for leave for reconsideration. As stated above, many of the arguments in your July 10 motion repeat arguments previously presented to the Court.

Please advise by noon on Monday, July 14, 2008 that Defendants will be withdrawing the "modification" motion or we will bring an ex parte motion to have the improper portions of Defendants' latest "summary judgment" motion stricken. We also reserve the right to separately seek the imposition of sanctions against your firm. We have no objection to the "summary judgment" portion of your motion, and would not object to you withdrawing the entire motion and refiling just the summary judgment portion.

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